

### Lesson 1.05 Bisecting Segments & Angles

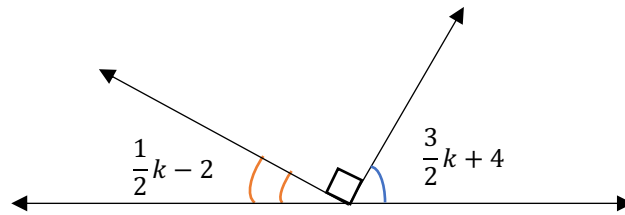
Students will be able to:

- Content Objective: Define segment and angle bisector and use these definitions to solve algebraic problems.
- Language Objective: Discuss the relationship between a perpendicular bisector and a segment bisector.



#### Warm Up

Given the diagram below (not drawn to scale), solve for  $k$ .



#### Vocabulary Review

Match each term to the correct definition.

- |                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. _____ Perpendicular Lines  | a. Figures or objects that have the same shape and distance.        |
| 2. _____ Supplementary Angles | b. Two angles that sum to $180^\circ$ .                             |
| 3. _____ Complementary Angles | c. Lines that intersect to form right angles.                       |
| 4. _____ Midpoint             | d. An angle formed by perpendicular lines and measures $90^\circ$ . |
| 5. _____ Right Angle          | e. Two angles that sum to $90^\circ$ .                              |
| 6. _____ Congruent            | f. A point that divides a segment into two congruent segments.      |



#### Graphic Organizer

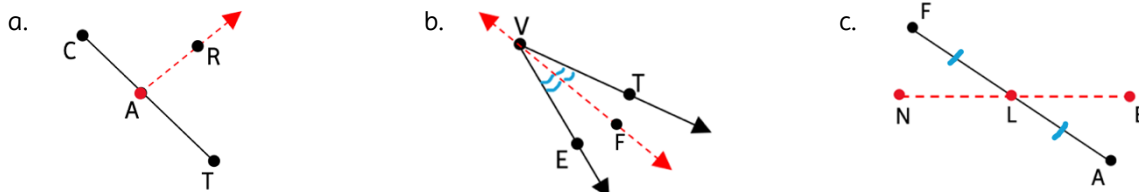
**BISECT**

To divide into two \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ parts.

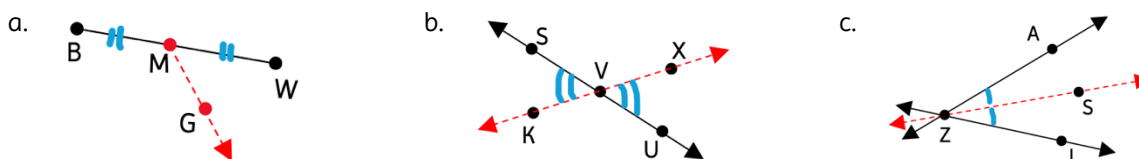
<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>Segment Bisector</u></b></p> <p>A line, segment, or ray that divides a _____ into two congruent segments.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">midpoint</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>Angle Bisector</u></b></p> <p>A line, segment, or ray that divides an _____ into two congruent angles.</p>
--	---


**Skill 1: Segment vs. Angle Bisector**

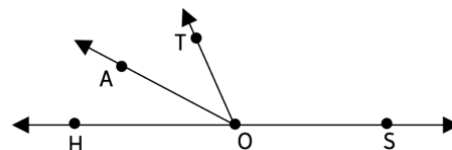
Identify whether each of the following represents a segment bisector, angle bisector, or neither. If the diagram displays a segment or angle bisector, write a congruence statement.


**Exercise 1: Segment vs. Angle Bisector**

Identify whether each of the following represents a segment bisector, angle bisector, or neither. If the diagram displays a segment or angle bisector, write a congruence statement.

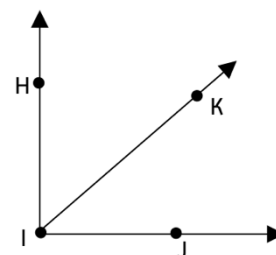

**Skill 2: Algebra & Bisectors**

In the diagram below,  $\overrightarrow{OA}$  bisects  $\angle HOT$ , and  $\angle SOT$  has a measure of  $120^\circ$ . Find the measure of  $\angle HOA$  and  $\angle TOA$  using this information. (Diagram is not drawn to scale)


**Exercise 2: Measuring Angles**

In the diagram below,  $\overrightarrow{IK}$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle HIJ$  with  $\angle HIK = 2x - 5$  and  $\angle JIK = 3(x - 10)$ .

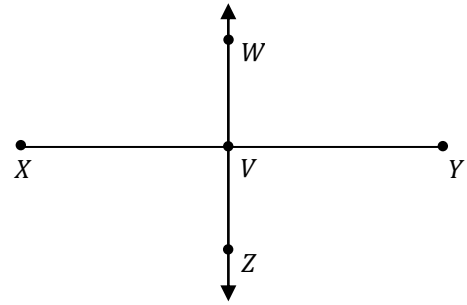
- Label the diagram. What is true about  $\angle HIK$  and  $\angle JIK$ ?
- Set up an equation and solve for  $x$ , then find the measure of  $\angle HIK$  and  $\angle JIK$ .
- What type of angle is  $\angle HIJ$ ?





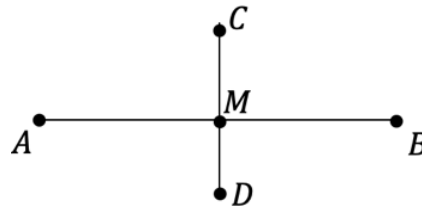
Talk it Out

1. Use the diagram below to complete the following.
  - a. Using a protractor, find the measure of  $\angle WVY$  and  $\angle WVX$ .
  - b. Based on your answer to a. what can you say about  $\overleftrightarrow{WZ}$  and  $\overline{XY}$ .



- c.  $\overleftrightarrow{WZ}$  is the **perpendicular bisector** of  $\overline{XY}$ . Label the diagram above based on this information and write a congruence statement.
  - d. In geometry, we will be using theorems to state conclusions just like we did in part b. What is a theorem?
2.  $\overline{CD}$  is the perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{AB}$  and intersects at midpoint  $M$

- a. Construct  $\overline{CA}$  and  $\overline{CB}$ . Then find their lengths.
- b. What can we conclude about  $\overline{CA}$  and  $\overline{CB}$ ?



**Perpendicular Bisector Theorem**

Any point on the perpendicular bisector is \_\_\_\_\_ from both endpoints of the line segment in which it bisects.



Check Point

True or false. Identify whether each of the following statements are true or false.

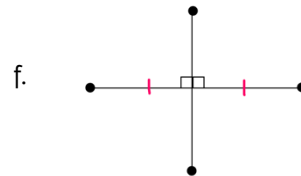
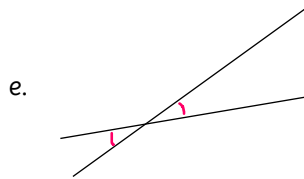
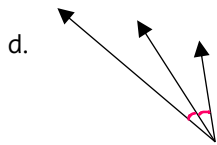
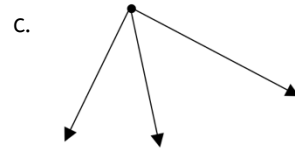
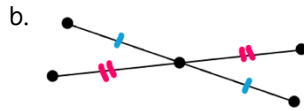
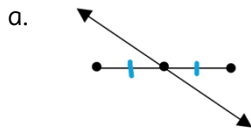
1. \_\_\_\_\_ A segment bisector divides an angle into two congruent angles.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ A segment bisector intersects a segment at the midpoint.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ An angle bisector can be a ray, line, or segment.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ A segment bisector divides a segment into two congruent segments.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ An angle bisector divides an angle into two congruent angles.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ Any point on a perpendicular bisector is equidistant from the endpoints of the segment.



Problem Set

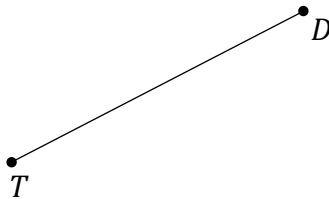
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Identify whether each of the following represents a segment bisector, angle bisector, both or neither.

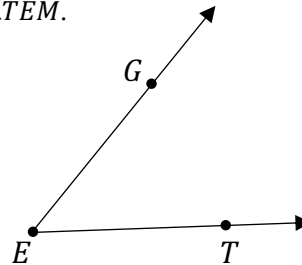


2. Use your knowledge of segment bisectors and angle bisectors to answer both parts.

- a. Using a ruler to measure, construct the midpoint of line segment  $TD$ . Label the midpoint point  $O$ .



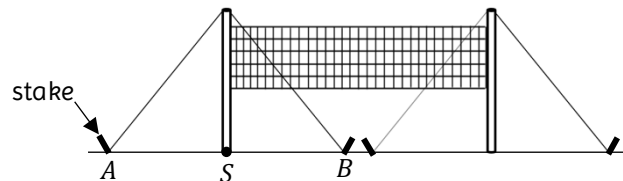
- b. Using a protractor to measure, construct the angle bisector of  $\angle GET$  to create  $\angle GEM$  and  $\angle TEM$ .



3. Hudson sets up a volleyball net in her backyard. For the net to stand up properly, she sets the poles perpendicular to the ground and place the stakes equidistant from the base of the poles.

- a. The pole can be thought of as which geometric vocabulary word based on the description above?

- b. What must be true about  $\overline{AS}$  and  $\overline{SB}$ ?



- c. If  $AS = \frac{3}{2}x + 6$  and  $SB = -\frac{1}{2}x + 8$ , find the value of  $x$ .

- d. What is the measure of  $AB$ ? Use your answer from part c.