



Lesson 3.04 Solving Complex Linear Inequalities

Students will be able to:

- <u>Content Objective</u>: Solve complex linear inequalities.
- <u>Language Objective</u>: Identify the smallest or largest integer value solution to an inequality and explain with mathematical reasoning.

Warm Up

Determine which of the following is a solution to the linear inequality shown below.

		48 - 5x < 8		
1)	<i>x</i> = 8		2)	<i>x</i> = -9
3)	x = -8		4)	x = 9

Vocabulary Review

Graphic Organizer

True or false. Determine whether each statement below is true or false by writing T for F.

- 1. _____ Solutions to the inequality x > -3 include $\{-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, ...\}$.
- 2. ____ The largest integer that satisfies the inequality b < 5 is 5.
- 3. ____ The smallest integer that satisfies the inequality y > -7 is -6.
- 4. ____ When graphing the inequality $x \ge 4$, you place a closed point at x = 4 and shade to the right on the number line.
- 5. _____When graphing the inequality -1 > x, you place an open point on -1 and shade to the right.

Solve for xSolve for x $-3x \ge 12$ $\frac{x}{-4} < 2$ Switch the inequality symbol

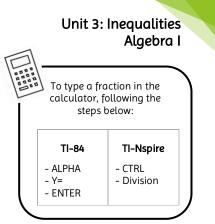
Now that we have reviewed solving simple linear inequalities, let's look at some more complex inequalities.



Skill 1: Solving Linear Inequalities with Distribution

Solve the inequality below for *x*.

$$3\left(2-\frac{4}{3}x\right) \ge 4-x$$



Exercise 1: Solving Linear Inequalities with Distribution

Solve the inequality below for *x*.

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$$-2\left(-6x - \frac{5}{2}\right) \le -5(x+5)$$

Skill 2: Solving Complex Linear Inequalities

Solve the inequality below and state the greatest integer solution for *x*.

$$\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{5}{3} > \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2}x - 1 \right)$$

Express your solution in interval notation:







Exercise 2: Solving Complex Linear Inequalities

Solve the inequality below for *x* and state a solution.

$$\frac{1}{2}(5-3x) \le 2(x-4)$$

Express your solution in interval notation:



Given the inequality x > -0.98, state the smallest integer solution. Explain your reasoning below.



Which of the following represents a solution to the linear inequality $-\frac{4}{5}x - 3 < 5$?

- 1) -12
- 2) -9
- 3) -10
- 4) -13





3.04- Problem Set

Name: _

1. Solve each of the following linear inequalities below.

a.
$$\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{3}{2} \ge \frac{5}{2}$$

b. $7(y-6) - 1 < 3(2y+8)$

c.
$$.025x + 10.3 \le -0.8(x + 10)$$

d.
$$\frac{b-12}{4} > 5b+1$$

- 2. Which of the following is a solution to the linear inequality $\frac{-x+4}{3} < 10$?
 - 1) x = -25
 - 2) x = -26
 - 3) x = -27
 - 4) x = -28

3. Solving Literal Equations

Solve the linear inequality below for x in terms of a and b. (Your answer should contain multiple variables)

$$b(x-2) < ax - 3b$$